## The Optometrist's Guide to Strabismus:

Reorganizing Space, Time and the Visual Process

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## Course Supplement:

 VT Activities which support 4-D Brain Processing!- Thumb-Pinky Vergence Rock
- Pointer and straw (or Menorah Explorah)
- Hold straw parallel to facial plane; do not limit to primary gaze
- (R/G) Keystone Basic Binocular Series
- Use tactile feedback, touching picture
- Bilateral integration: Chalkboard circles/ walking rail
- Gross motor: Marsden Ball/ Bunt ball (Discussed w looming)
- Ocular Proprioception/ Visual:
- Monocular Lens Rock (Discussed under Monocular Deph cues)
- Vectograms: with tactile counterparts ... or dual pointers - Visual/TACTILE feedback... Visual/AUDITORY feedback


## Thumb-Pinky Vergence Rock



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 VT Activities
## Pointer/Straw or Menorah Explorah

- Hold straw parallel to facial plane, but do not limit to primary gaze
- With menorah, patient can work independently. - Use finger; aim vertically rather than horizontally
- Arm extension supports depth/distance awareness
- Phys dpl for visual biofeedback
- Tactile feedback on edge of candleholder



## (R/G) Keystone Basic Binocular

 Series- Use tactile feedback, touching picture
- Fingertip faces picture, glide over BI targets
- Fingertip faces upwards, seems to run into BO targets
- Feel as if finger slips behind some BO targets
- Visual/tactile mis-match is appreciated


## Bilateral integration \& Vision

- Chalkboard circles
- Peripheral visual awareness synchronizes with movement of the body/ arms in space.
- Visual feedback in the process improves image quality.
- Also improves body organization and motor control.
- Walking Rail
- Optic flow
- Vision as a stabilizer for balance.
- Increase peripheral awareness (figure/ground); beanbag drop.


Stereo-tactile and Stereopsis Integration

- Object manipulation is one of our first forms of "solid-seeing"
(stereopsis).



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 VT Activities

Stereo-tactile and Stereopsis Integration

- Reshape these "Magic Loops" to match the contour of the object in the vectogram. (Gem, right)
- Helps to push appreciation of stereopsis while holding the solid shape in hand.



## Visual-Auditory Integration

- Sound localization can be a powerful mode of spatial processing.
- Instead of localizing floating aspects of a vectogram image with one pointer, TRY

- Localize with one pointer, and then tap on it with a $2^{\text {nd }}$ pointer.
- Provides tactile/ vibrational stimulation along with auditory localization!


## Bonus Games and Activities

-Suspend

- Understanding physics of balance
- Fulcrum... series of fulcrums
- Stick length ~ weight
- De-stabilize / Re-stabilize
- Shifting 3-D structure with each move, stimulates depth perception



## Bonus Games and Activities

-Suspend

- Utilizes Sensory Integration:
- Visual motor planning
- Modulation of touch, placement
- Eye-hand coordination
- Different appearance from different vantages, encourages 4-D Thinking to process as a solid and plan the next move
- In order to create consistent, stable perspective
of the structure, expand attention to include larger area of space
- Stimulates Central-Peripheral Integration:


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## Central-Peripheral Organization

- Develop visual-spatial organization skills in order to build an internal construct of their 4-D space/time world.
- Enables them to use top-down processing to integrate their spatial perception with how the world is "supposed to look," facilitating the development of stereopsis.
- Stereopsis begins with the use of non-central retina.
- Simultaneously seeing center and periphery engages active use of peripheral retina.
- VT activities which build central-peripheral organization create the potential for stereoscopic vision.

The Optometrist's Guide: Supplement: VT Activities

## Central-Peripheral Integration <br> Activities

- Look Ready Touch Back (Schrock)
- Slotnick Scramble
- Eyeport (Liberman)
- Visual-spatial memory games
- Simultaneous or sequential, with delay or distraction
- Side-by-Side Vectograms
- relative depth - different vectos sliding by each other: Topper/Clown,

Qts/Clown, Qts/ No. 9

- relative size - the same vecto (Clown/Clown)
- Vectos with pointer

Diplopia on pointer or image: inaccurate localization.

- Oculomotor:
- Eye excursions: Greenwald ball track/ Hart chart (Nasal to temporal fo

ET's, Temporal to nasal for XT's)

- Wayne Saccadic Fixator/ Accuvision board

Look Ready Touch Back
Eyes begin at center

Look Ready Touch Back


Look Ready Touch Back


Look Ready Touch Back


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Look Ready Touch Back


Look Ready Touch Back


Look Ready Touch Back


Look Ready Touch Back


Look Ready Touch Back


Look Ready Touch Back


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## Look Ready Touch Back

- Metronome pulses @ 60 in the background
- Place on door edge or jamb to create

3-D plane challenge

- Monitor accuracy of touch (tip of
star) in $x, y$ and $z$ planes
- Can use space fixator
- Step up through:
- RHCW, LH CCW
- RHCCW, LHCW

Alternating hands

- Alternating hands
- Ipsi/contra foot with touch
- Change foot pairing on cue (2
- Change either direction or foot:
- Be ready for either cue

- Continue with distractions


## Eyeport

- Oscillate between red/blue (Program 1)
- Reach-grasp-release between OD and OS
- Respond; Do not predict: Access peripheral retina
- Lights are at regular intervals
- Perception of asymmetric spacing between consecutive lights indicates eyes are not coincidently pointing on light (MFBF target)
- red-to-blue vs
- blue-to-red
- Directional asymmetry L-to-R vs R-to-L, etc

Eyeport - consecutive (Program 1)


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## Central-Peripheral Integration in

 Visual Processing/ Memory- The advantage of vision is the ability to process a set of data simultaneously
- Any procedure which builds simultaneous visual processing supports the building of a 4-D brain.
- Central-Peripheral Integration activities help a patient learn to process detail as well as context (figure as well as ground) over a large area of space. - Multi-Matrix Game
- Puzzle Art and Puzzle Art 3-D
- www.Lumosity.com:
- Birdwatching; Eagle Eye
- Space Junk

Memory Matrix

- Monster Garden
- Top Chimp


## Multi-Matrix Game

- Global Processing
- Central/Peripheral organization
- Bimanual integration and body awareness/extension
- 3-D pick-up and placement challenge
- Peripheral awareness
- Figure/Ground
- Visualize next number/shape/letter and find location in peripheral
retina. retina.
- Prime on the next several moves (4-D thinking and planning)
- Visual-spatial memory and spatial organization
- Use dots to shift to spatial thinking/ pure visual processing
- Countless loading opportunities
- \#'s: Sums, differences;
- Objects: visual memory; vestibular (card behind)


## Puzzle Art 3-D

- Trains figure/ground and central/peripheral concepts
- Use with or without 3-D glasses
- 3-D glasses create differential placement of color by diffraction
- Creates relative BI and BO of color - Vectograms and anaglyphs create BI/BO of form
- Can work on pattern matching via stereocontour, not just on color patterns and form


## Multi-Matrix Game



Central-Peripheral Organization

- Puzzle Art 3-D



## 2-D Targets with 3-D Thinking

-Color Code

- Utilizes Monocular Depth Cue:

Occlusion

- Given a flat image

■ Need to recreate the image using color plates in the appropriate order

- Trains patient to think in depth:


Must tease apart a flat image
into consecutively ordered components.

- Teaches the mind to entertain flat images as separated in depth.
- Tactile manipulation provides a sensory integration component.


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Stimulate Simultaneous Processing: Supports Thinking in 4 Dimensions

- www.Lumosity.com
- Necessary to simultaneously process:
- Center and periphery
$\square$ Figure and ground
- Part and whole
- Spatial and sequential


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## Summary

- The strabismic patient already has access to 4-Dimensional processing
- The goal of perceptual therapy in strabismus is to help expand the 4-D construct in the space of the mind
- Use top-down processing and discussion to help create the potential for 4-D spatial thinking
- Goal: Visually-directed actions in a continuous, integrated space-world.


## Summary

- Confirm and reinforce the top-down scafiolding with 4-dimensional bottom-up sensory experiences.
- Use monocular depth cues to reinforce accuracy/ provide visual feedback on performance in binocular activities.
- Use sensory integration to marry other sensory experiences of depth with the visual sense of depth.
- Transfer depth appreciation from auditory, tactile and ocular proprioceptive senses to visual sense in real space.
- Build central-peripheral integration skills to prepare the brain for simultaneous and stereoscopic processing in all real-world arenas.


## Feedback Appreciated! Thank you

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